

# **Mekong River Commission**

### **Regional Flood Management and Mitigation Centre**

## Weekly Flood Situation Report for the Mekong River Basin

Prepared on: 05/10/2009, covering the week from the 28<sup>th</sup> of September to the 5<sup>th</sup> of October 2009

#### Weather Patterns, General Behaviour of the Mekong River and Flood Situation

#### **General weather patterns**

During the week of <u>the 28<sup>th</sup> September 2009 to the 5<sup>th</sup> October 2009</u>, seven weather bulletins were issued by the Department of Meteorology (DOM) of Cambodia. The weather charts of the 28<sup>th</sup> of September to the 4<sup>th</sup> of October bulletins are presented in the figures below:

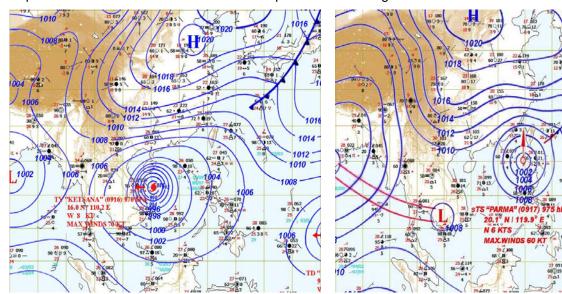


Figure 1: Weather map for 28th September 2009

Figure 2: Weather map for 04<sup>th</sup> October 2009

#### Strong to moderate South-West (SW) Monsoon

Strong SW monsoon prevailed and was stationary over the Bay of Bengal, Gulf of Thailand and Indochina Peninsula from 28<sup>th</sup> September to 4<sup>th</sup> October and moderate monsoon occurred from 5<sup>th</sup> October 2009 (Figure 1 and Figure 2).

#### ITCZ (Inter Tropical Convergence Zone)

Inter Tropical Convergence Zone (ITCZ) laid across Bangladesh, Myanmar, Thailand, Lao PDR, Cambodia and Viet Nam on 1<sup>st</sup> October and starting from 2<sup>sd</sup> October ITCZ laid across India, Myanmar, Thailand and Cambodia.

#### Tropical depressions (TD), tropical storms (TS) or typhoons (TY)

The Typhoon (TY) *KETSANA* (0916) with a central pressure 970 hPa (figure 1) landed over Quang Ngai province, Central part of Vietnam, Southern part of Lao PDR, and North-eastern part of Cambodia on 29<sup>th</sup> September 2009. It had downgraded into a low pressure on 30<sup>th</sup> September 2009.

On 2<sup>nd</sup> October 2009, the typhoon *PARMA* (0917), with a central pressure 935 hPa located at latitude 16°6 N, longitude 123°8 E, which is over Philippine Sea. On 4<sup>th</sup> October, the Sever Tropical Storm *PARMA* (0917) with a central pressure 975 hPa, located at latitude 20° 1N, longitude 119°9 E, which is over South China Sea, between Philippine and Taiwan, moving to North with a speed 11 km/h (Figure 2).

#### Other weather phenomena that affect the discharge

No other weather phenomena affecting the discharge were observed.

#### Overall weather situation

The strong SW monsoon prevailed over the Bay of Bengal, Gulf of Thailand and Indochina Peninsula. From 29<sup>th</sup> September to 1<sup>st</sup> October 2009, there were many clouds of Ac, Cs, Cu, Cb and Cb caps were observed over Viet Nam, Lao PDR, Thailand and Cambodia. Big thunderstorms and very heavy rain occurred in Viet Nam, Lao PDR, Thailand and Cambodia as the result of these phenomena.

#### **General behaviour of the Mekong River**

Water levels were falling in the upper and middle reaches of the Lower Mekong River during the monitored period and most stations were recording levels that are somewhat about the long-term average. In the lower reaches of the Lower Mekong downstream of Khong Chiam, water levels were rising and most stations between Khong Chiam and Kampong Cham were recording levels that are somewhat above the long-term average for this time of the year while most stations downstream of Phnom Penh were recording levels that are somewhat about the long-term average for this time of the year. Water levels at Tan Chau and Chau Doc monitoring stations were above alarm levels during the past week. During the last week, Typhoon *KETSANA* caused rapid increase of water levels between Khong Chiam and Kampong Cham.

#### For stations from Chiang Saen to Vientiane/Nong Khai

Water levels were falling towards the end of the week. Most stations were recording levels that are somewhat slightly below the long-term average for this time of the year.

#### For stations from Paksane to Savannakhet/Mukdahan

Water levels were falling towards the end of the week. Most stations were recording levels that are somewhat around the long-term average for this time of the year.

#### For stations from Khong Chiam to Pakse

Water levels were rising until the mid of the week then slightly fell towards the end of the week. Most stations were recording levels that are somewhat above the long-term average for this time of the year.

#### For stations from Stung Treng to Kampong Cham

Water levels were rapidly rising until mid of the week then gradually rose towards the end of the week. Most stations were recording levels that are somewhat above the long-term average for this time of the year.

#### For stations from Phnom Penh to Koh Khel/Neak Luong

Water levels were rising steadily towards the end of the week. Most stations were recording levels that are somewhat around the long-term average for this time of the year.

#### Tan Chau and Chau Doc

Water levels were rising steadily towards the end of the week. Both stations were recording levels that are somewhat below the long-term average for this time of the year. The water levels at both stations were above the alarm levels as defined by the national agency.

**Note:** for areas between forecast stations, please refer to the nearest forecast station.

#### **Flood Situation**

Flood stage or alarm stage:

During the last week, the water levels at Tan Chau and Chau Doc were above alarm levels as defined by the national agency. No alarm stage (where the forecast is expected to reach flood level within three days) was reported anywhere in the Mekong River during the past week. Water levels are still below flood levels (as defined by the national agencies) at all forecast stations.

#### Damage or victims:

No damage or loss of life due to river flooding was recorded anywhere along the Mekong River during the past week.

For more details see the following annex:

- tables and graphs for water level and rainfall for the last week in Annex A
- a graph for accuracy in Annex B
- a table of forecast achievement in Annex B
- tables and graphs for performance in Annex B
- the water level graphs showing the observed water level for the season in Annex C

# **Annex A: Graphs and Tables**

Table A1: observed water levels unit in m

2009	Jinghong	Chiang Saen	Luang Prabang	Chiang Khan	Vientiane	Nongkhai	Paksane	Nakhon Phanom	Thakhek	Mukdahan	Savannakhet	Khong Chiam	Pakse	Stung Treng	Kratie	Kompong Cham	Phnom Penh (Bassac)	Phnom Penh Port	Koh Khel	Neak Luong	Prek Kdam	Tan Chau	Chau Doc
28/09	536.92	4.90	9.96	10.27	7.36	8.11	9.70	8.34	9.44	8.05	7.15	9.34	7.56	7.27	17.00	11.95	8.81	8.02	6.97	6.28	8.02	3.29	2.79
29/09	536.34	4.73	9.67	10.13	7.28	8.14	9.70	8.13	9.22	8.03	7.14	9.81	7.96	7.68	17.66	12.20	8.87	8.09	7.00	6.29	8.07	3.29	2.77
30/09	536.12	4.85	9.22	9.82	7.09	7.92	9.54	7.85	8.96	7.72	6.78	10.39	8.78	8.52	18.57	12.70	9.02	8.25	7.09	6.36	8.18	3.35	2.81
01/10	535.92	4.68	8.96	9.32	6.68	7.58	9.26	7.56	8.66	7.47	6.57	11.24	9.74	9.58	19.80	13.37	9.24	8.48	7.19	6.48	8.36	3.44	2.88
02/10	535.52	4.40	8.93	9.06	6.16	7.07	9.14	7.55	8.68	7.40	6.49	11.31	9.86	10.14	20.68	13.95	9.45	8.67	7.22	6.56	8.37	3.51	2.95
03/10	535.25	4.00	8.71	9.21	5.99	6.77	9.02	7.90	8.99	7.71	6.78	11.19	9.45	10.37	21.11	14.39	9.50	8.73	7.29	6.64	8.46	3.58	3.00
04/10	535.79	3.68	8.46	9.22	5.90	6.86	8.64	7.71	8.84	7.80	6.88	11.26	9.40	10.46	21.20	14.68	9.55	8.78	7.35	6.72	8.57	3.67	3.06
05/10	-	3.57	7.94	8.96	5.98	6.85	8.45	7.18	8.29	7.39	6.52	11.10	9.29	10.56	21.36	14.89	9.60	8.92	7.39	6.84	8.68	3.74	3.12
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Flood	level	11.80	18.00	17.40	12.50	12.20	14.50	12.70	14.00	12.60	13.00	16.20	12.00	12.00	23.00	16.20	12.00	11.00	7.90	8.00	10.00	4.20	3.50

Table A2: observed rainfall Unit in mm

2009	Jinghong	Chiang Saen	Luang Prabang	Chiang Khan	Vientiane	Nongkhai	Paksane	Nakhon Phanom	Thakhek	Mukdahan	Savannakhet	Khong Chiam	Pakse	Stung Treng	Kratie	Kompong Cham	Phnom Penh (Bassac)	Phnom Penh Port	Koh Khel	Neak Luong	Prek Kdam	Tan Chau	Chau Doc
28/09	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	4.5	5.2	12.1	5.0	0.0	28.4	4.9	2.1	0.0	1.4	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
29/09	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	40.0	15.5	35.0	26.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
30/09	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.5	0.0	1.9	1.4	12.8	12.8	106.3	171.5	100.5	32.0	53.8	4.6	0.0	0.9	2.1	13.5	0.0	0.6
01/10	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.7	4.2	4.4	1.1	3.2	3.6	47.0	47.6	0.0	13.0	16.2	11.4	3.8	0.0	0.0	13.1	98.8	0.0	16.5	12.0
02/10	0.0	0.2	0.0	19.6	4.5	5.8	0.0	0.3	0.7	29.0	22.5	0.0	0.0	15.0	11.0	10.6	5.6	5.6	2.7	0.0	5.3	0.0	0.0
03/10	0.0	1.1	0.0	5.7	4.0	4.5	0.0	17.7	10.9	0.5	0.0	6.8	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.5	0.0	6.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
04/10	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.6	6.7	1.2	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0
05/10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	48.7	28.5	32.4	0.9	0.3	0.0	0.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0

Figure A1: Water level and rainfall for Jinghong, Chiang Saen, and Luang Prabang

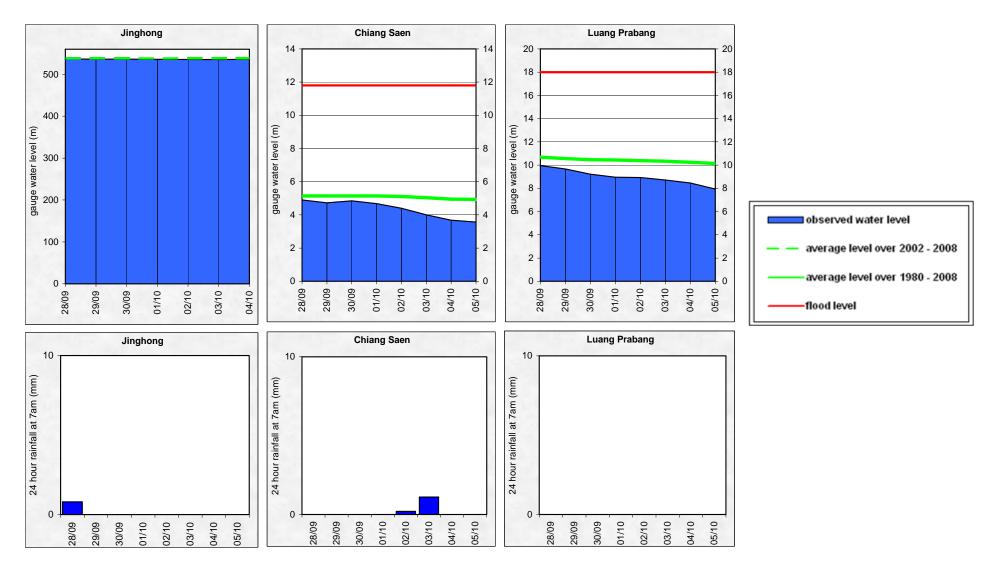


Figure A2: Water level and rainfall for Chiang Khan, Vientiane, Nongkhai, and Paksane

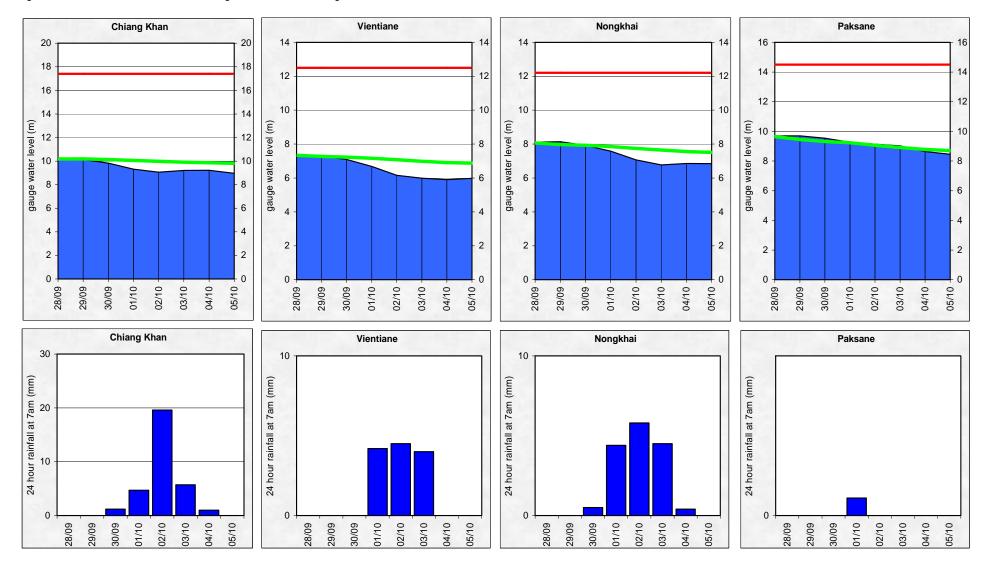


Figure A3: Water level and rainfall for Nakhon Phanom, Thakhek, Mukdahan and Savannakhet

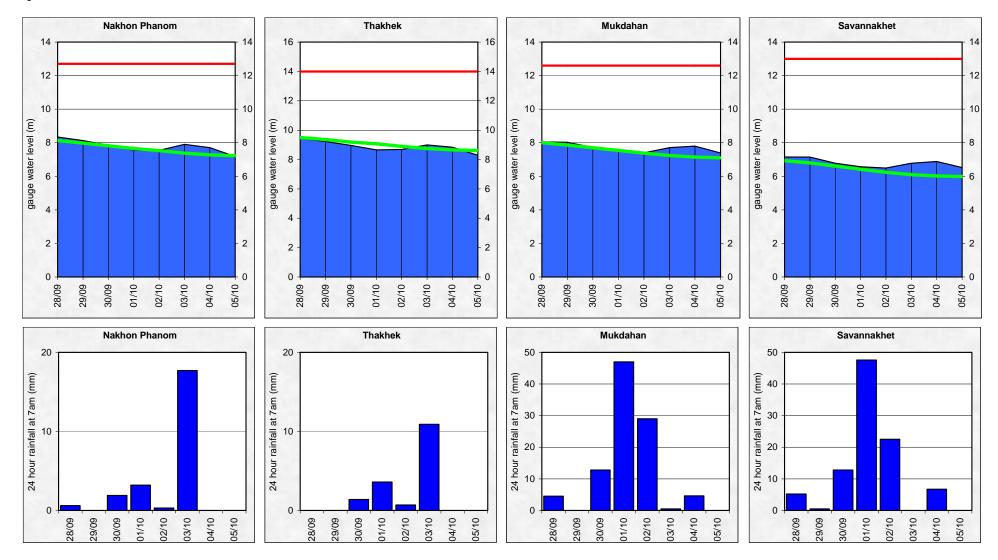


Figure A4: Water level and rainfall for Khong Chiam, Pakse, Stung Treng, and Kratie

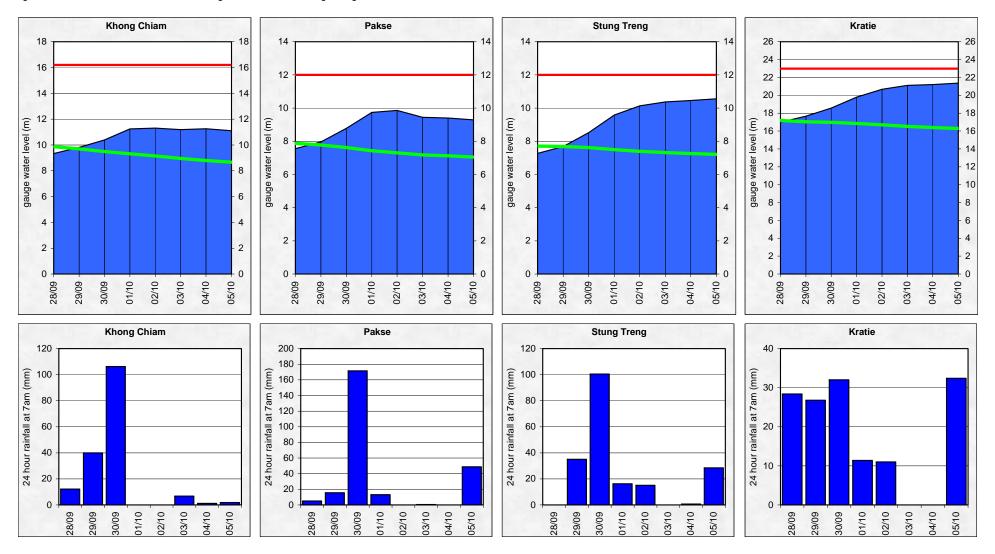


Figure A5: Water level and rainfall for Kampong Cham, Phnom Penh (Bassac and Port), and Koh Khel

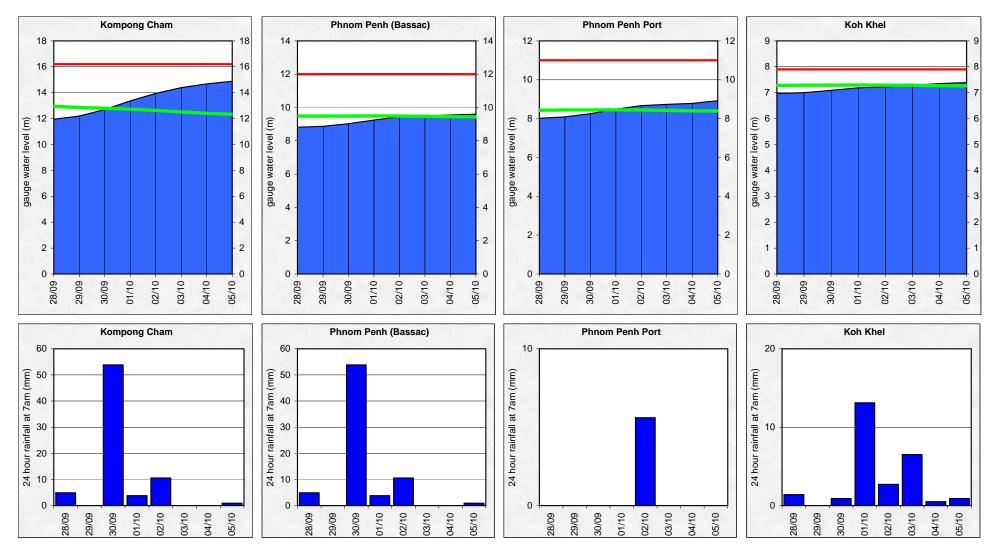
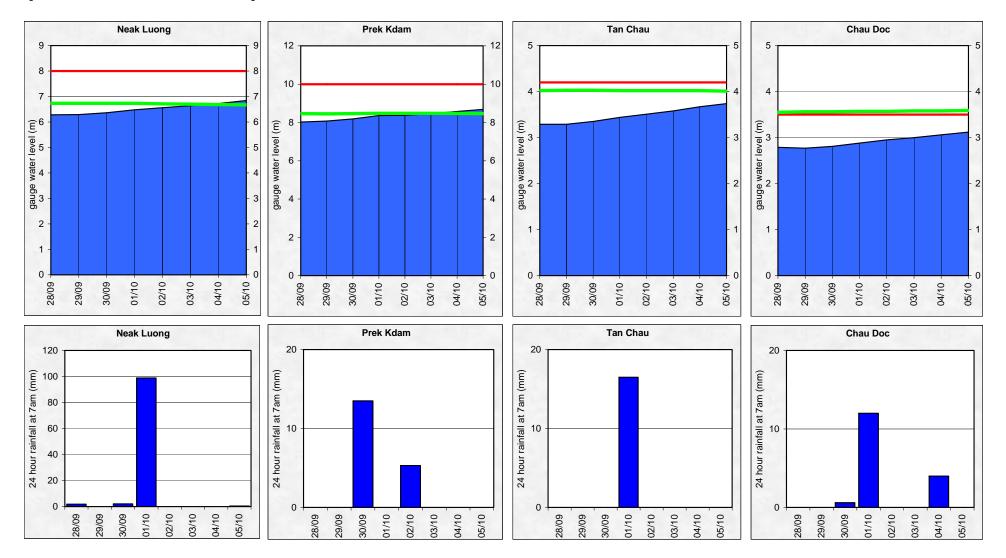


Figure A6: Water level and rainfall for Neak Luong, Prek Kdam, Tan Chau and Chau Doc



## **Annex B: Accuracy and performance**

#### **Accuracy**

"Accuracy" describes the accuracy of the adjusted and published forecast, based on the results of the MRC Mekong Flood Forecasting System, which are then adjusted by the Flood Forecaster in Charge taking into consideration known biases in input data and his/her knowledge of the response of the model system and the hydrology of the Mekong River Basin. The information is presented as a graph below, showing the average flood forecasting accuracy along the Mekong mainstream.

The graph of average difference between forecast and actual water levels for the past week shows the normal pattern except between Stung Treng and Kampong Cham where their accuracies are less than expected. In general the overall accuracy is fairly good for 1-day to 3-day forecasts. The peaks in Lao PDR and between Stung Treng and Kompong Cham were well recognized and this perhaps caused by internal model functionality due to limited parameters for model calibration as well as poor satellite rainfall estimates. The adjustment by utilising the practical knowledge and experience of forecaster-in-charge is desirably needed towards improved forecasts at these stations.

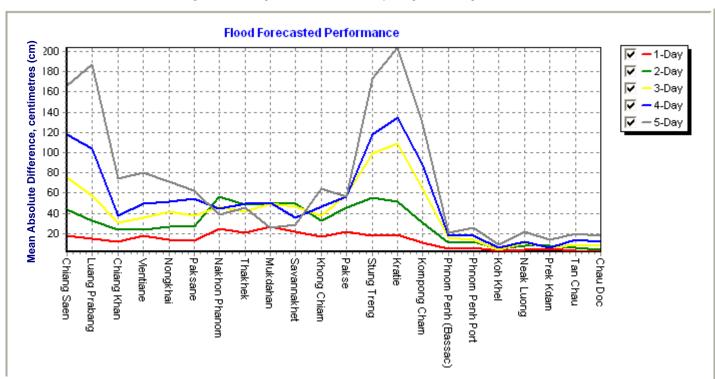


Figure B1: Average flood forecast accuracy along the Mekong mainstream

#### **Forecast Achievement**

The forecast achievement indicates the % of days that the forecast at a particular station for a lead-time is successful against a respective benchmark (Table B2).

Table B1: Achievement of daily forecast against benchmarks

unit in %

	Chiang Saen	Luang Prabang	Chiang Khan	Vientiane	Nongkhai	Paksane	Nakhon Phanom	Thakhek	Mukdahan	Savannakhet	Khong Chiam	Pakse	Stung Treng	Kratie	Kompong Cham	Phnom Penh (Bassac)	Phnom Penh Port	Koh Khel	Neak Luong	Prek Kdam	Tan Chau	Chau Doc	Average
1-day	100.0	100.0	85.7	85.7	85.7	85.7	42.9	57.1	42.9	57.1	57.1	57.1	57.1	28.6	42.9	85.7	85.7	100.0	100.0	85.7	100.0	100.0	74.7
2-day	83.3	83.3	66.7	50.0	66.7	50.0	50.0	50.0	33.3	50.0	83.3	50.0	16.7	33.3	33.3	50.0	33.3	100.0	83.3	50.0	100.0	100.0	59.8
3-day	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	40.0	60.0	80.0	60.0	20.0	20.0	0.0	20.0	40.0	100.0	40.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	59.1
4-day	50.0	75.0	75.0	50.0	75.0	50.0	75.0	25.0	100.0	100.0	75.0	75.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	75.0	75.0	100.0	50.0	100.0	25.0	25.0	61.4
5-day	0.0	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.7	100.0	66.7	100.0	100.0	66.7	66.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.7	33.3	100.0	33.3	100.0	0.0	0.0	53.0

Table B2: Benchmarks of success (Indicator of accuracy in mean absolute error)

Unit in cm

	Chiang Saen	Luang Prabang	Chiang Khan	Vientiane	Nongkhai	Paksane	Nakhon Phanom	Thakhek	Mukdahan	Savannakhet	Khong Chiam	Pakse	Stung Treng	Kratie	Kompong Cham	Phnom Penh (Bassac)	Phnom Penh Port	Koh Khel	Neak Luong	Prek Kdam	Tan Chau	Chau Doc
1-day	50	50	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
2-day	75	75	25	25	25	25	50	50	50	50	50	50	25	25	25	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
3-day	75	100	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	75	75	50	50	25	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
4-day	100	125	75	50	50	50	50	50	75	75	75	75	50	50	50	25	25	25	10	25	10	10
5-day	100	150	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	50	50	50	25	25	25	10	25	10	10

**Note:** An indication of the accuracy given in the Table B2 is based on the performance of the forecast made in 2008 from the new flood forecasting system and the configuration for the 2009 flood season and is published on the website of MRC (http://ffw.mrcmekong.org/accuracy.htm).

In the future these indicators will be adjusted against a set of performance indicators that is established by combining international standards and the specific circumstances in the Mekong River Basin. An expert mission to establish these performance indicators is planned for the fourth quarter of 2009.

#### **Performance**

Performance is assessed by evaluating a number of performance indicators, see table and graphs below:

Table B3: Overview of performance indicators for the past 8 days including the current report date

	Flood Fo	orecast: ti	ime sent			Arri	/al time c	f input da	ata (avera	ige)		Missing data (number)								
2009	FF completed and sent (time)	stations without forecast	FF2 completed and sent (time)	Weather informaition available (number)	NOAA data	China	Cambodia - DHRW	Cambodia - DOM	Lao PDR - DMH	Thailand - DWR	Viet Nam - NCHMF	NOAA data	China	Cambodia - DHRW	Cambodia - DOM	Lao PDR - DMH	Thailand - DWR	Viet Nam - NCHMF		
week	10:33	0	-	8	08:17	08:18	08:08	07:39	09:01	08:08	07:44	0	2	6	129	112	7	55		
month	10:14	7	13:47	30	08:16	08:21	07:55	08:24	08:38	08:20	08:04	0	2	16	597	362	14	246		
season	10:29	33	12:44	91	08:20	08:23	08:02	08:20	08:42	08:22	07:56	0	4	250	1989	1269	121	856		

Week is the week for which this report is made; *Month* is actually the last 30 days (or less if the flood season has just begun); *Season* is the current flood season up to the date of this report.

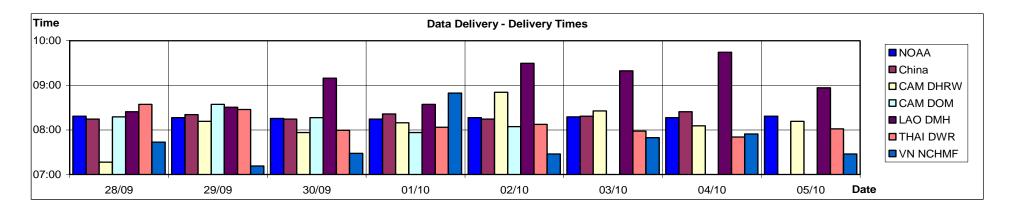


Figure B2: Data delivery times for the past 8 days including the current report date

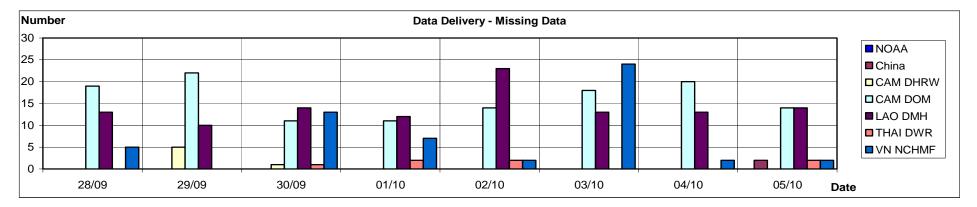
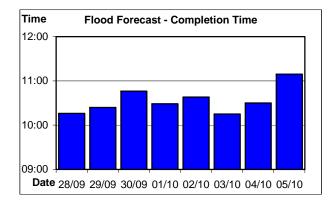
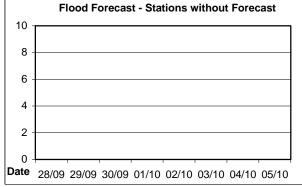


Figure B3: Missing data for the past 8 days including the current report date





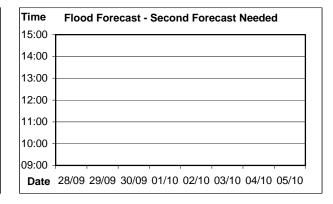


Figure B4: Flood forecast completion time

Figure B5: Flood forecast stations without forecast

Figure B6: Second forecast needed

## **Annex C: Season Water Level Graphs**

This Annex has the water level graphs of the report date. These graphs are distributed daily by email together with the Flood Bulletins.

# HYDROGRAPHS OF THE MEKONG AT MAINSTREAM STATIONS IN WET SEASON FROM 1 JUNE TO 31 OCTOBER

